1. **Poll Schedule** - On Election Day, each polling place will be open from at least 11:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. (unless a city or town sets different hours). A voter in line when poll closing is announced has the right to vote. The next Primary Election Day is Tuesday, February 11, 2020 and the General Election is Tuesday, November 3, 2020.

2. **Voter ID** - Voters are required to have photo identification that contains the voter’s name and has an expiration date within five years. However, if the voter DOES NOT HAVE photo identification, the voter may vote by submitting a Challenged Voter Affidavit. Acceptable forms of ID include:

| -Valid Driver’s License issued by any state or the federal government | -Valid U.S. passport |
| -Valid Non-driver ID issued by any state | -Valid student ID from New Hampshire college, university, career school, or high school |
| -Valid Military ID |

3. **Accessibility** - Polling places are required to be accessible to those with disabilities. If a voter needs assistance, an election official or a person of the voter’s choosing may assist in voting.

4. **Assistance at the polls** - If a voter cannot read, write or speak English or the voter is blind or otherwise physically disabled, he or she has the right to receive help with voting by a person of the voter’s choice except the judge of elections, the voter’s employer or an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of the voter’s union.

5. **If a voter has moved** - If a voter has moved within the same polling precinct, the voter may update his or her address at the polls and must be permitted to vote. If a voter has moved to a different precinct or county, he or she should re-register at his or her new polling place on Election Day, as New Hampshire allows same-day voter registration.

6. **Mistake ballot** - If a voter makes a mistake or “spoils” his or her ballot before casting it, the voter may request a new ballot. A voter may not receive more than three ballots.

7. **Polling place boundary** - Voters have the right to wait to vote (or to vote) without anyone electioneering or trying to influence their vote in any other way within a corridor 10 feet wide and extending a distance from the entrance door of the building of the polling place determined by the polling place moderator.

8. **Provisional ballots** - New Hampshire does not appear to have a mechanism for providing “provisional” ballots. Rather, any issues that arise should be solved by the casting of either a Challenged Voter Affidavit or an unofficial ballot.

If you have any questions or need further information, please call the Election Protection Hotline at 1-866-OUR-VOTE (1-866-687-8683) or go to www.866OurVote.org. For other language assistance: Spanish: 1-888-VE-Y-VOTA; Asian languages: 1-888-API-VOTE; Arabic: 1-844-YALLA-US
9. **HB 1264.** A new state election law, HB 1264, went into effect July 1, 2019.\(^1\) The law affects eligible voters by narrowing the definition of “resident.”\(^2\) This change effectively equates the definition of domicile with the definition of residency in New Hampshire. Voter registration might also now trigger motor vehicle registration laws that require any new residents to obtain a New Hampshire license within 60 days or face a penalty. The New Hampshire Supreme Court upheld the new statute but there is pending litigation in federal court to interpret these changes and/or to determine whether the law will remain in effect for the 2020 elections. This change particularly affects college students. For those students who maintain motor vehicle registration in another states, they may still vote absentee in their home state.

If you have any questions or to report any problems, call 1-866-OUR-VOTE (1-866-687-8683)

\(^1\) NH Rev Stat § 21:6-a (2018)

\(^2\) The law changes the statute by removing the words “for the indefinite future” from the duration requirement for residency.